

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

Section 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	Acetic Pro.
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1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Acetic silicone sealant for facades and glazing.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name	TORGGLER S.R.L.
Full address	Via Prati Nuovi 9
Town	Marlengo
Postal code	39020
Province	BZ
Country	Italy
Phone number	+39 0473 282400
Fax	+39 0473 282501
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	reach@torggler.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to	+39 348 662 70 93 (08.00 - 17.30)
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Section 2 Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification

Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1A	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Section 2

Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P310	Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

Contains

ethyltriacetoxysilane

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Contains biocides. Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (OIT) CAS No. 26530-20-1 for antimicrobial protection of the cured sealant.

2.3 Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq$ 0.1%.

The product hydrolysis with acetic acid formation (CAS 64-19-7). Acetic acid is classified both in relation to physical dangers and to health dangers. The speed of hydrolysis and therefore also the relevance for the danger of the product depend strongly on the specific conditions.

Section 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Polydimethylsiloxane + filler + additives + crosslinker acetoxysilane

3.2 Mixtures
ethyltriacetoxysilane

Concentration	$3 \leq x < 5 \%$
CAS number	17689-77-9
EC number	241-677-4
Registration Number	01-2119881778-15-xxxx
Hazard classification	- Acute Tox. 4; H302 - Skin Corr. 1B; H314 - Eye Dam. 1; H318
Additional classification	EUH014
LD50 (Oral):	1,460 mg/kg

ACETIC ACID

Concentration	$0.0174 \leq x < 0.075 \%$
CAS number	64-19-7
EC number	200-580-7
INDEX number	607-002-00-6
Registration Number	01-2119475328-30-xxxx
Hazard classification	- Flam. Liq. 3; H226 - Skin Corr. 1A; H314 - Eye Dam. 1; H318

Section 3

Specific concentration limits	- Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $10 \leq x < 25$ % - Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $25 \leq x < 90$ % - Skin Corr. 1A; H314: ≥ 90 % - Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $10 \leq x < 25$ % - Eye Dam. 1; H318: ≥ 25 %
Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation:	B
Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.	

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Concentration	$0.0186 \leq x < 0.025$ %
CAS number	26530-20-1
EC number	247-761-7
INDEX number	613-112-00-5
Hazard classification	- Acute Tox. 3; H301 - Acute Tox. 3; H311 - Skin Corr. 1B; H314 - Skin Sens. 1A; H317 - Eye Dam. 1; H318 - Acute Tox. 1; H330 - Aquatic Acute 1; H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1; H410
M Factor (acute)	100
M Factor (chronic)	100
Specific concentration limits	Skin Sens. 1A; H317: ≥ 0.0015 %
Additional classification	EUH071

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Section 4 First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuers protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

Section 4

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

Section 5 Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

Section 6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Indication on fire and antideflacrant protection:

The product can free acetic acid. In closed environments, vapors can form mixtures with air, which in the presence of ignition sources cause

Section 7

explosion also within empty containers, not cleaned up.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany)

None

Applicable technical instruction according to Royal Decree 656/2017:

Classification	Storage in fixed containers	Storage in mobile containers
▪ H412 – Aquatic Chronic 3 ▪ H317 – Skin Sens. 1A ▪ H315 – Skin Irrit. 2 ▪ H318 – Eye Dam. 1	Not applicable	MIE APQ-10 – Storage in mobile containers

Respect the joint storage conditions established in Royal Decree 656/2017.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Adhesives and/or sealants.

Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Regulatory references

ACGIH	ACGIH 2026
European Union-OEL	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
Ireland-OELV	2020 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations (2001-2015) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations (2001-2019)
Malta-TLV	PROTECTION OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF WORKERS FROM THE RISKS RELATED TO CHEMICAL AGENTS AT WORK REGULATIONS (S.L.424.24). PROTECTION OF WORKERS FROM THE RISKS RELATED TO EXPOSURE TO CARCINOGENS OR MUTAGENS AT WORK REGULATIONS (S.L.424.22)

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value in fresh water	0.0022 mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0.0475 mg/kg/d
Normal value in marine water	0.00022 mg/l
Normal value for marine water sediment	0.00475 mg/kg/d
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0.0082 mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0.00122 mg/l

ACETIC ACID

	TWA		STEL		CEILING		Remarks
	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	
ACGIH	25	10	37	15			--
European Union-OEL	25	10					--
Ireland-OELV	25	10	37	15			--
Malta-TLV	25	10	50	20			--

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Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value of STP microorganisms	85 mg/l
Normal value in fresh water	3.058 mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	11.36 mg/kg/d
Normal value in marine water	0.3058 mg/l
Normal value for marine water sediment	1.136 mg/kg/d
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0.47 mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	30.58 mg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL	Local effect	Systemic effect
Consumers, short-term, inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Not available
Consumers, long-term, inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Not available
Workers, short-term, inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Not available
Workers, long-term, inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Not available

ethyltriacetoxysilane
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value of STP microorganisms	1 mg/l
Normal value in fresh water	0.2 mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0.74 mg/kg
Normal value in marine water	0.02 mg/l
Normal value for marine water sediment	0.074 mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0.031 mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	1.7 mg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL	Local effect	Systemic effect
Consumers, long-term, dermal	Not available	5.7 mg/kg bw/d
Consumers, long-term, inhalation	0 mg/m ³	19.81 mg/m ³
Consumers, long-term, oral	Not available	5.7 mg/kg bw/d
Workers, short-term, inhalation	32.5 mg/m ³	Not available
Workers, long-term, dermal	Not available	11.39 mg/kg bw/d
Workers, long-term, inhalation	0 mg/m ³	80.33 mg/m ³

Limit values for air quality in the workplace:

Acetic Acid CAS No. 64-19-7; TLV_{IT}: 25.0 mg/m³, 10.0 ppm

Acetic Acid CAS No. 64-19-7; EU: 25,0 mg/m³, 10,0 ppm

Acetic Acid CAS No. 64-19-7: short-term 50 mg/m³ (=20 ppm)

Acetic Acid CAS No. 64-19-7: EU short-term limit value 50 mg/m³ (=20 ppm)

8.2 Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

When choosing risk management measures and operating conditions, consult the exposure scenarios attached.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

Protect your hands with gloves of the following type:

Section 8

Protect your hands with gloves of the following type

Material	Thickness	Breakthrough time
Butyl rubber (IIR)	> 0.3 mm	> 480 min
–	–	–
Nitrile rubber (NBR)	> 0.1 mm	60 min
–	–	–

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344/EN ISO 13034). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	pasty liquid	Temperature: 23 °C (73.4 °F)
Colour	various	Temperature: 23 °C (73.4 °F)
Odour	acetic acid	
Odour threshold	Not applicable	
Melting point / freezing point	Not applicable	
Initial boiling point	Not applicable	
Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not applicable	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	> 60 °C (> 140 °F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
pH	not soluble in water	
Kinematic viscosity	> 20.5 mm²/s	Temperature: 40 °C (104 °F)
Dynamic viscosity	20,000 PI	Temperature: 23 °C (73.4 °F) Method: MIT 116
Solubility	insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable	
Vapour pressure	Not applicable	
Density and/or relative density	1 g/ml	Temperature: 23 °C (73.4 °F) Method: ISO 1183-1
Relative vapour density	Not available	

Section 9

Particle characteristics

Information not available.

9.2 Other information
9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazards

Information not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Kinematic viscosity (40 °C)	> 0.5 m ² /s
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Section 10 Stability and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity

Product cures with moisture.

10.2 Chemical stability

Information not available.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product may react violently with water.

ACETIC ACID

Risk of explosion on contact with: chromium (VI) oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide, perchloric acid, phosphorus chloride, hydrogen peroxide

May react dangerously with: alcohols, bromine pentafluoride, chlorosulphuric acid, dichromate-sulphuric acid, ethane diamine, ethylene glycol, potassium hydroxide, strong bases, sodium hydroxide, strong oxidising agents, nitric acid, ammonium nitrate, potassium tert-butoxide, oleum

Forms explosive mixtures with: air

ACETIC ACID: risk of explosion on contact with: chromium (IV) oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide, perchloric acid, phosphorus chloride, hydrogen peroxide. Can react dangerously with: alcohols, bromine pentafluoride, chlorosulphuric acid, dichromate-sulphuric acid, ethane diamine, ethylene glycol, potassium hydroxide, strong bases, sodium hydroxide, strong oxidising agent, nitric acid, ammonium nitrate, potassium tert-butoxide, oleum. Forms explosive mixtures with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from penetrating inside the containers.

ACETIC ACID

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames

ACETIC ACID: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

Humidity, heat, open flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials
ACETIC ACID

Incompatible with: carbonates, hydroxides, phosphates, oxidising substances, bases

ACETIC ACID: carbonates, hydroxides, many oxides and phosphates. Oxidising substances and bases.

It reacts with: water, basic substances and alcohols. The reaction occurs with the formation of acetic acid.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

With acetic acid hydrolysis. Measurements have shown the formation of small amounts of formaldehyde at temperatures above about 150 °C (302 °F) through oxidation.

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Section 11 Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1 Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available.

11.1.2 Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available.

11.1.3 Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available.

11.1.4 Interactive effects

Information not available.

11.1.5 ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture	> 2,000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture	Not classified (no significant component)

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

LD50 (Oral):	125 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rat
LD50 (Dermal):	311 mg/kg	
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	0.27 mg/l	Exposure duration: 4 hours Species/guidelines: Rat
ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders)	0.005 mg/l	estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

ACETIC ACID

LD50 (Oral):	3,310 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rat
LD50 (Dermal):	1,060 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	11.4 mg/l	Exposure duration: 4 hours Species/guidelines: Rat

ethyltriacetoxysilane

LD50 (Oral):	1,460 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rat
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11.1.6 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation.

11.1.7 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage.

11.1.8 RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

11.1.9 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Section 11

11.1.10 CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.11 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.12 STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.13 STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.14 ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Viscosity:

11.2 Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

In contact with dampness product separates a small quantity of acetic acid (64-19-7) which irritates skin and mucous membranes.

Section 12 Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1 Toxicity**2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one**

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0.00022 mg/l	Exposure duration: 72 hours Species/guidelines: Navicula pelliculosa
EC50 - for Crustacea	0.42 mg/l	Exposure duration: 48 hours Species/guidelines: Daphnia magna (OECD 202)
LC50 - for Fish	0.036 mg/l	Exposure duration: 96 hours Species/guidelines: Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD 203)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0.084 mg/l	Exposure duration: 72 hours Species/guidelines: Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD 201)
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0.022 mg/l	Species/guidelines: Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD 210) / 28 d
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0.002 mg/l	Species/guidelines: Daphnia magna (OECD 211) / 21 d
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0.004 mg/l	Species/guidelines: Algae (OECD 201) / 72 h

ACETIC ACID

EC50 - for Crustacea	65 mg/l	Exposure duration: 48 hours Species/guidelines: Dafnia
LC50 - for Fish	75 mg/l	Exposure duration: 96 hours Species/guidelines: pesce (Lepomis macrochirus)

ethyltriacetoxysilane

EC50 - for Crustacea	65 mg/l	Exposure duration: 48 hours Species/guidelines: Daphnia magna
LC50 - for Fish	180 mg/l	Exposure duration: 96 hours Species/guidelines: Pimephales promelas

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EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	23.03 mg/l	Exposure duration: 72 hours Species/guidelines: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	16.98 mg/l	Species/guidelines: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

12.2 Persistence and degradability**2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one**

Solubility in water	500 mg/l
Degradability	Inherently degradable

ACETIC ACID

Solubility in water	> 10,000 mg/l
Degradability	Rapidly degradable

ethyltriacetoxysilane

Degradability	Rapidly degradable
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one**

Bioconcentration factor	19.21
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.92 LogKow

ACETIC ACID

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-0.17 LogKow
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ethyltriacetoxysilane

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	0.74 LogKow
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12.4 Mobility in soil**2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one**

Partition coefficient soil/water	0.352 LogKoc
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ACETIC ACID

Partition coefficient soil/water	1.153 LogKoc
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ethyltriacetoxysilane

Partition coefficient soil/water	1 LogKoc
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Information not available.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

The product has not been assigned a waste code number according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC), because only the intended use by the consumer allows its association. The waste code number must be determined within the EU in agreement with the waste disposal company.

	TORGGLER S.R.L.	Revision nr. 2.0
		Revision date 22/09/2026
	Acetic Pro.	Replaced revision: 1.0
		EN - English

Section 13

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Directive 2008/98/EC (waste)

For the disposal of waste from this material, the hazard characteristics shall be assessed in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC. Any transboundary shipment must comply with Regulation (EU) 2024/1157.

Hazardous waste classification - Reg. (UE) 1357/2014

None

Section 14 Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1 UN number or ID number

Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4 Packing group

Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

	Restrictions	Registration Number EU
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Section 15

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product restrictions	3, 40	
Contained substance		
	75	
Dibutyltin di(acetate)	20	01-2119634587-29-xxxx

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)**Registration Number EU**On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.**Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)****Authorisation
Number****Sunset date****Registration Number EU**

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 - on persistent organic pollutants

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Notification Art. 45 CLP

The mixture may not have been notified in all EU Member States. In the event of resale in a country other than the one in which it was purchased, contact the supplier to verify any applicable obligations.

Regulation (EU) 2024/590 – Substances that deplete the ozone layer

Annex I. Contains:

None

Annex II. Contains:

None

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK1 – Low hazard to waters

Denmark - MAL code - Executive Order No. 301 of 13 May 1993

n.a.

Reg. (EU) No 528/2012 on biocides

This product contains: 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (OIT) CAS No. 26530-20-1 for antimicrobial protection of the cured sealant (PT7).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

Section 16

Section 16 Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 1	Acute toxicity, category 1
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitization, category 1A
EUH014	Reacts violently with water.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Legend

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EC50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- EC: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value

Section 16

Legend

- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

General Bibliography

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX ATP CLP)
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 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII ATP CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII ATP CLP)
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 18. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/217 (XIV ATP CLP)
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 23. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/707
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 27. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/2564 (XXII ATP CLP)
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- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Calculation methods for classification

Section 16

Chemical and physical hazards:

Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards:

Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards:

Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes from the previous revision

This SDS has been prepared with a different software from the one previous revision. The new calculation does not allow us to identify all the differences compared to the previous version. We therefore recommend carefully reviewing all 16 sections of the SDS. We remain available to provide any clarification regarding the content or the changes made compared to the previous version, which is available to professional or industrial users.