

ETA-Danmark A/S Göteborg Plads 1 DK-2150 Nordhavn Tel. +45 72 24 59 00 Fax +45 72 24 59 04 Internet www.etadanmark.dk Authorised and notified according to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011



### European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0815 of 2020/09/01

I General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA and designated according to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011: ETA-Danmark A/S

Trade name of the construction product:	CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor, injection type
Product family to which the above construction product belongs:	Bonded anchor with anchor rod for use in non- cracked concrete. Sizes: M8-M10-M12-M16
Manufacturer:	TORGGLER S.r.I. Via Verande 1/A IT-39012 Merano (BZ) Tel. +39 0473 282400 Internet www.torggler.com
Manufacturing plant:	TORGGLER S.r.l. Manufacturing plant II
This European Technical Assessment contains:	19 pages including 14 annexes which form an integral part of the document
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of:	EAD 330499-00-0601 Bonded fasteners for use in concrete
	The ETA with the same number issued on 2019-12- 13

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full (except the confidential Annexes referred to above). However, partial reproduction may be made, with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction has to be identified as such.

#### II SPECIFIC PART OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

### 1 Technical description of product and intended use

#### Technical description of the product

The CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor is a bonded anchor (injection type) consisting of an injection mortar cartridge equipped with a special mixing nozzle and threaded anchor rod of the sizes from M8 to M16 made of:

- galvanized carbon steel,
- stainless steel A4-70, A4-80 or high corrosion resistant stainless steel with hexagon nut and washer.

The threaded rod is placed into a drilled hole previously injected (using an applicator gun) with a mortar with a slow and slight twisting motion. The anchor rod is anchored by the bond between rod, mortar and concrete.

The threaded rod is available for all diameters with three types of tip end a one side 45° chamfer, a two-sided 45° chamfer or a flat. The threaded rods are either delivered with the mortar cartridges or commercial standard threaded rods purchased separately. Each mortar cartridge is marked with the identifying mark of the producer and with the trade name. The mortar cartridges are available in different sizes.

The anchor in the range of M8 to M16 and the mortar cartridges corresponds to the drawings given in the Annex A1 to A4.

The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchors not indicated in Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>1</sup> of this European Technical Assessment.

The anchors are intended to be used with embedment depth given in Annex A2, Table A1. For the installed anchor see Figure given in Annex A1. The intended use specifications of the product are detailed in the Annex B1.

### 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B1 to B6.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed intended working life of the anchor of 50 years.

The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

<sup>1</sup> The technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment is deposited at ETA-Danmark and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the Notified bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the notified bodies.

## 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Characteristics of product

#### Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1):

The essential characteristics are detailed in the Annex from C1 to C2.

#### Safety in case of fire (BWR 2):

The essential characteristics are detailed in the Annex C3.

#### Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR3):

No performance assessed

#### Safety in use (BWR4):

For basic requirement Safety in use the same criteria are valid for Basic Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability (BR1).

#### Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR7)

No performance assessed Other Basic Requirements are not relevant.

#### 3.2 Methods of assessment

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Basic Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the EAD 330499-00-0601 Bonded fasteners for use in concrete.

## 4 Attestation and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP)

#### 4.1 AVCP system

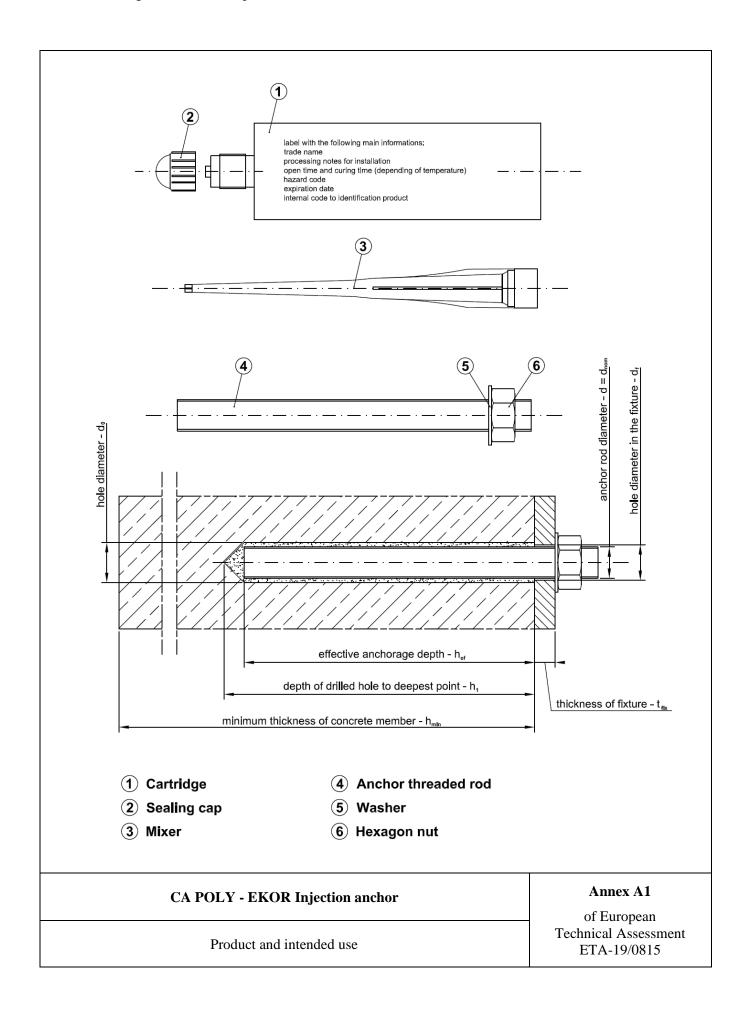
According to the decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission, the system(s) of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) is 1.

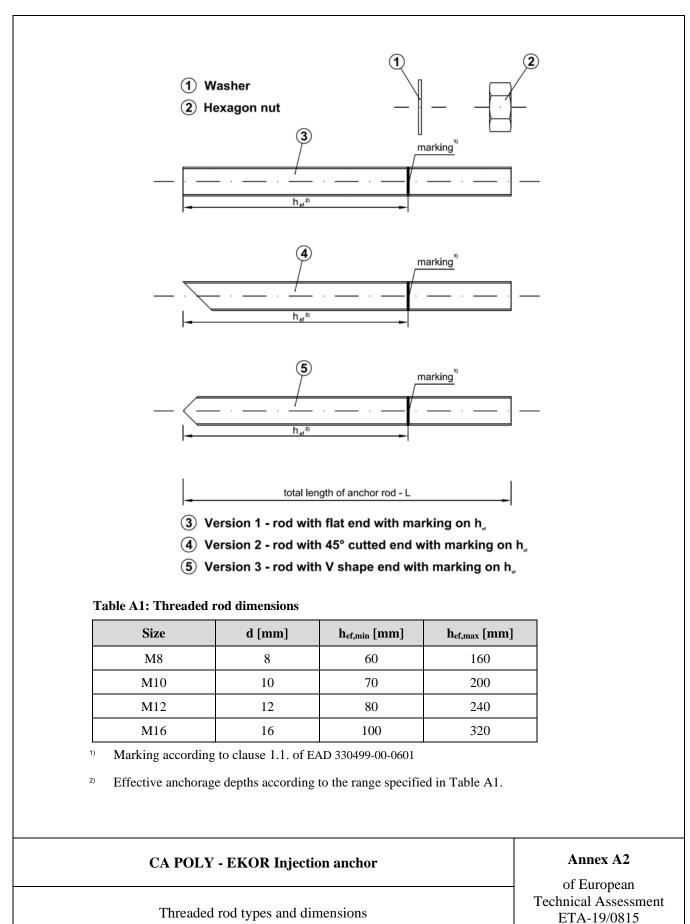
# 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as foreseen in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at ETA-Danmark prior to CE marking.

Issued in Copenhagen on 2020-09-01 by

Thomas Bruun Managing Director, ETA-Danmark A/S





		Designation		
	Steel:			
Part	zinc plated ≥ 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 4042	Stainless steel A4	High corrosion resistance stainless steel (HCR)	
	hot dipped galvanized ≥ 45 μm EN ISO 10684		stanness steer (IICK)	
Threaded rod	Steel property class from 4.8 to 8.8, acc. to EN ISO 898-1	Material 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362; 1.4062 acc. to EN 10088-1; property class 50, 70 or 80 acc. to EN ISO 3506-1	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, acc. to EN 10088-1; property class 50, 70 or 80 acc. to EN ISO 3506-1	
Washer EN ISO 7089	Steel acc. to corresponding to threaded rod material	Material 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362; 1.4062 acc. to EN 10088-1; corresponding to threaded rod material	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, acc. to EN 10088-1; corresponding to threaded rod material	
Hexagon nut	Steel, property class from 4 to 8 acc. to EN 898-2; corresponding to threaded rod material	Material 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362; 1.4062 acc. to EN 10088-1; property class 50, 70 or 80 acc. to EN ISO 3506-1	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, acc. to EN 10088-1; property class 50, 70 or 80 acc. to EN ISO 3506-1	

Commercial standard threaded rods with:

- material and mechanical properties according to Table A2,
- \_ confirmation of material and mechanical properties by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN-10204:2004,
- marking of the threaded rod with the embedment depth.

#### Table A3: Injection mortar

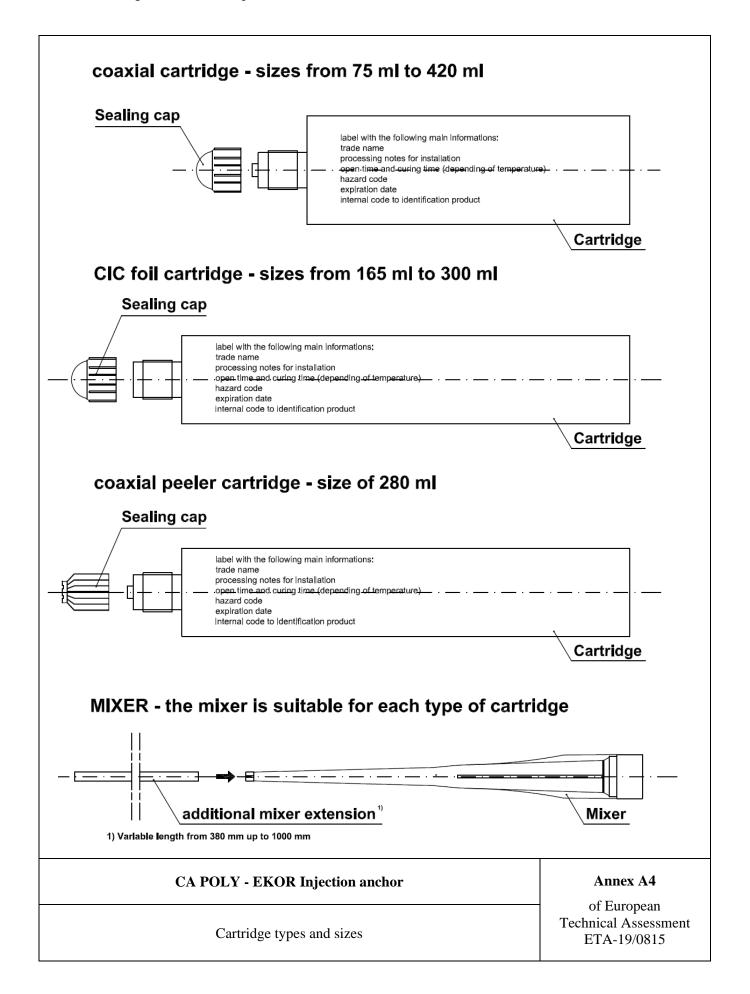
Product	Composition
CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor	Mortar resin styrene-free, hardener, filler
two components injection mortar <sup>,</sup>	Mortai festil styrene-mee, nardener, imer

#### **CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor**

#### Annex A3

of European **Technical Assessment** ETA-19/0815

Materials



#### Use:

The anchors are intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Basic Requirements 1 and 4 of Regulation 305/2011 (EU) shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would compromise the stability of the works, cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences.

#### Anchors subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads: sizes from M8 to M16.

#### **Base materials:**

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C20/25 at minimum to C50/60 at maximum according to EN 206-1.
- Non cracked concrete.

#### **Temperature range:**

The anchors may be used in the following temperature range: a)  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+50^{\circ}$ C (max. short term temperature  $+50^{\circ}$ C and max. long term temperature  $+40^{\circ}$ C).

#### Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

- Elements made of galvanized steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions only.
- Elements made of stainless steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in concrete subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).
- Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in concrete subject to external atmospheric exposure or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

#### Installation:

The anchors may be installed in:

- Dry or wet concrete (use category I1): sizes from M8 to M16.
- Installation direction D3 (downward and horizontal and upwards installation): sizes from M8 to M16.
- The anchor is suitable for hammer drilled holes: sizes from M8 to M16.

#### Proposed design methods:

- Static and quasi-static load: EN 1992-4

#### **CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor**

Annex B1

of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0815

Intended use - Specification

#### **Table B1: Installation data**

Size		<b>M8</b>	M10	M12	M16
Nominal drilling diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm]	10	12	14	18
Maximum diameter hole in the fixture	d <sub>fix</sub> [mm]	9	12	14	18
Embodmont donth	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm]	60	70	80	100
Embedment depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm]	160	200	240	320
Depth of the drilling hole	h <sub>1</sub> [mm]	h <sub>ef</sub> + 5 mm			
Minimum thickness of the slab	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	h <sub>ef</sub>	$+30 \text{ mm}; \ge 100 \text{ mm};$	mm	$h_{ef}+2d_0 \\$
Torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm]	10	20	40	80
Thickness to be fixed	t <sub>fix,min</sub> [mm]		>	» O	
I nickness to be fixed	t <sub>fix,max</sub> [mm]		< 1	500	
Minimum spacing	S <sub>min</sub> [mm]	40	50	60	75
Minimum edge distance	C <sub>min</sub> [mm]	40	50	60	75

#### Table B2: Minimum curing time <sup>1)</sup>

Concrete temperature	Processing time	Minimum curing time <sup>3)</sup>
0°C <sup>2)</sup>	25 min	180 min
5°C <sup>2)</sup>	15 min	120 min
10°C	12 min	90 min
15°C	8 min	60 min
20°C	6 min	45 min
25°C	4 min	30 min
30°C	3 min	20 min

the minimum time from the end of the mixing to the time when the anchor may be torque or loaded (whichever is longer). 1)

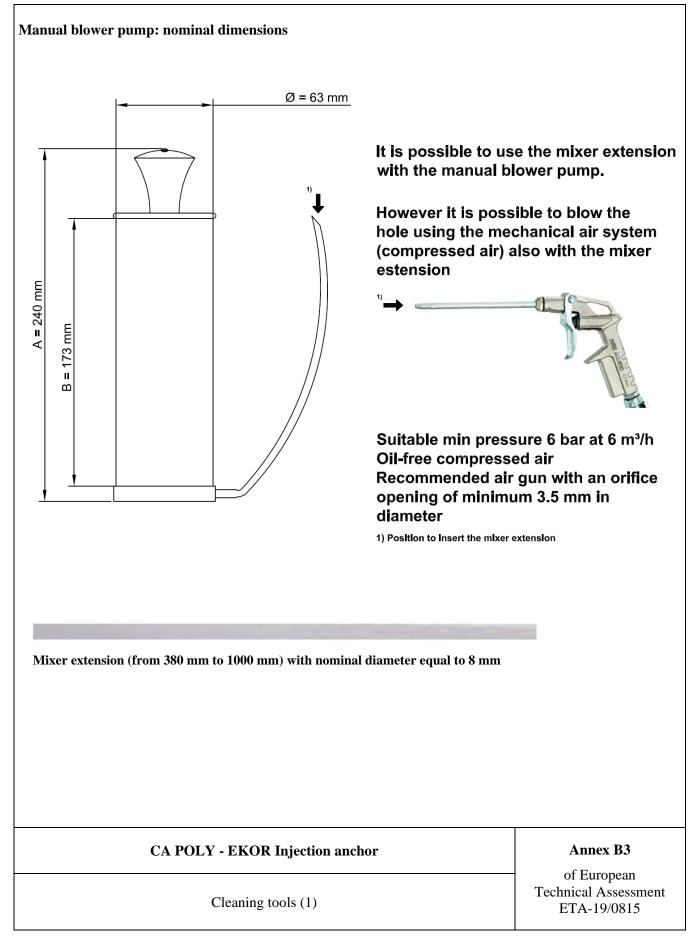
2) 3) minimum resin temperature recommended, for injection between 5°C and 0°C, equal to 10°C. minimum curing time for dry and wet conditions.

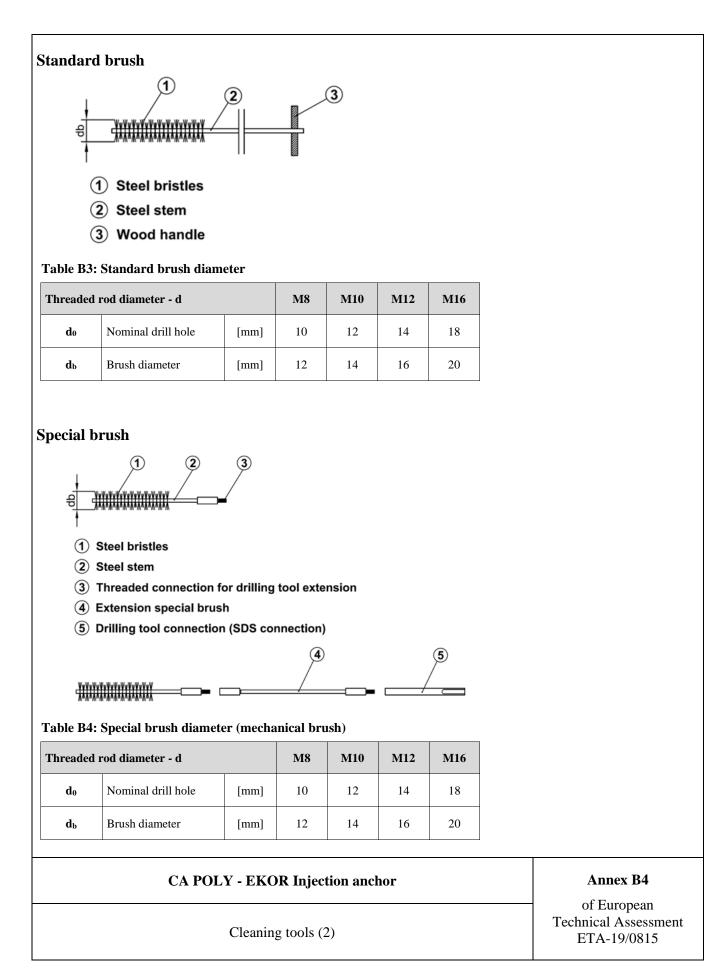
#### **CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor**

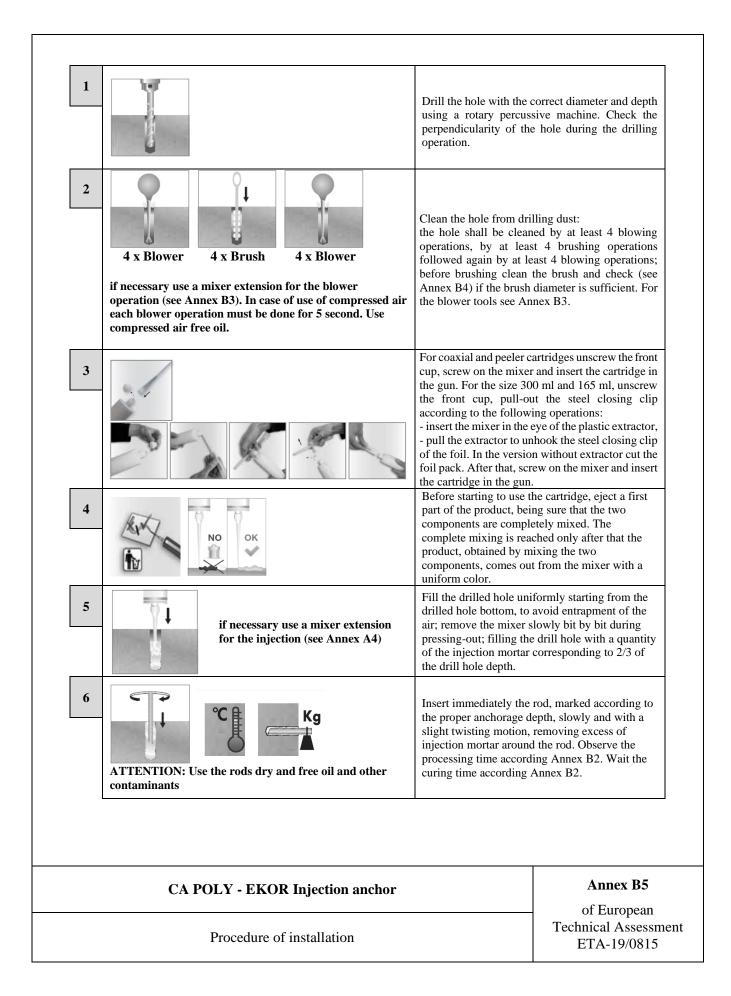
#### Annex B2

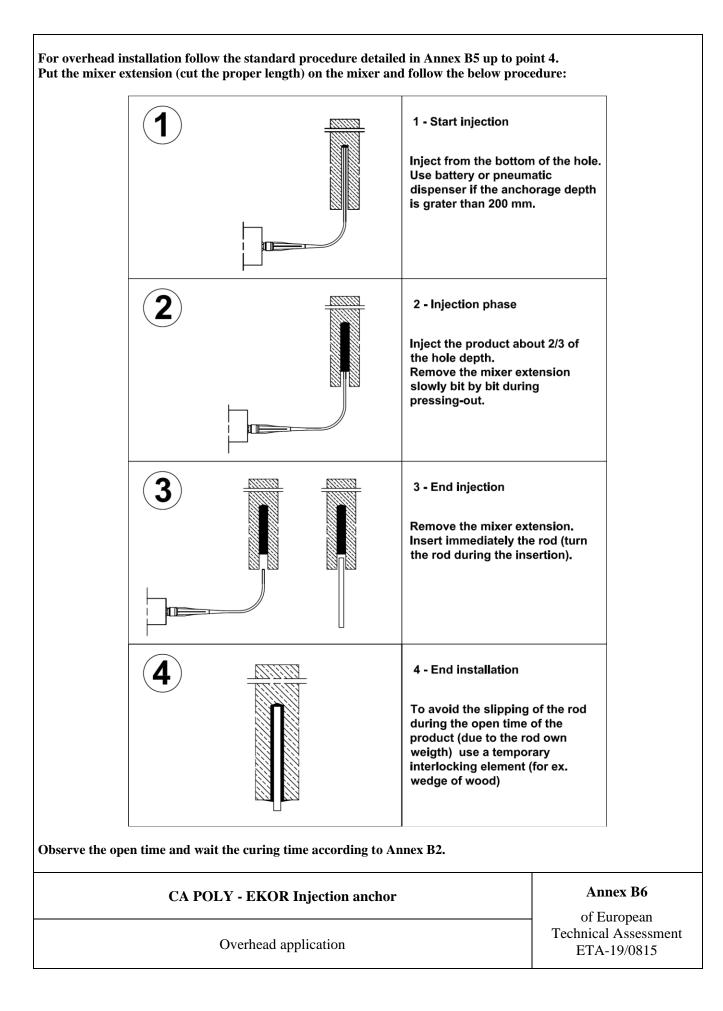
of European **Technical Assessment** ETA-19/0815

Intended use - Installation data









ESSENTIAL CHARAC	TERISTICS	PERFORMANCE			
Installation parameters		M8	M10	M12	M16
d [mm]		8	10	12	16
d <sub>0</sub> [mm]		10	12	14	18
d <sub>fix</sub> [mm]		9	12	14	18
h1 [mm]			$h_{ef} + 4$		<u>.</u>
h <sub>min</sub> [mm]			$h_{ef} + 30 \text{ mm}; \ge 100 \text{ mm}$	n	$h_{ef} + 2d_0$
Tinst [Nm]		10	20	40	80
t <sub>fix</sub> [mm]	Min		>		
	Max		≤150		
Smin [mm]		40	40	40	50
C <sub>min</sub> [mm]		40	40	40	50
$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$ [-] Category 1 – for tensile and shear load			1,(	00	
Characteristic resistance	e for tension load	M8	M10	M12	M16
Steel failure <sup>1)</sup>					
N <sub>Rk,s</sub> [kN]		Characteristic res	istance according to th	e design method spe	ecified in Annex
Concrete cone failure					
N <sub>Rk,c</sub> [kN]		Characteristic res	istance according to th	e design method spe	ecified in Annex
s <sub>cr,N</sub> [mm]			3h		
$c_{cr,N}$ [mm]			1.5	61	
kurc,N [-]		Characteristic res	istance according to th	e design method spe	ecified in Annex
Combined pullout and c	oncrete cone failure	1	1		-
τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub> [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] concrete C	220/25	12	12	11	9
Temperature range -40°C	$+50^{\circ}C (T_{mlp} = +40^{\circ}C)$	12	12	11	,
ψ <sub>c,ucr</sub> C30/37 [-]		1,04			
ψc,ucr C40/50 [-]		1,07			
ψ <sub>c,ucr</sub> C50/60 [-]		1,09			
Splitting failure					
	for $h = h_{min}$	$S_{cr,sp} = 4 h_{ef}$			
S <sub>cr,sp</sub> [mm]	if $h_{min} \le h < 2 h_{ef}$	S <sub>cr,sp</sub> = interpolated value			
in or, op [ ]	if $h \ge 2$ her		$1 (\tau_{\rm Rk, ucr}/7, 5)^{\Lambda 0,5} \le 3 h_{\rm ef}$		
C [mm]	II II $\geq 2$ Hef	Scr,sp – Scr,Np– 20 0			
C <sub>cr,sp</sub> [mm] Resistance for shear load	1	M8	0,5 S		M1(
Steel failure without leve		IVIO	WIIU	M12	M16
V <sub>Rk,s</sub> [kN]		Characteristic res	istance according to th	a design method sn	acified in Anney
k <sub>7</sub> [-]			1 1		
Steel failure with lever a	rm 1)		1		
M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub> [kN]	1111	Characteristic resistance according to the design method specified in Annex I			
Concrete pry-out failure	•		istunce according to th	e design method spt	
$k = k_3 = k_8 [-]$	·		2	1	
$\frac{K - K_3 - K_8 [-]}{Concrete edge failure}$			2	<i>,</i>	
		<u></u>	•	1 1 1	· C 1 · A
V <sub>Rk,c</sub> [kN]			istance according to th		
d <sub>nom</sub> [mm]		8	10	12	16
l <sub>f</sub> [mm]		1	h	f	

#### CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor

Performance for static and quasi-static loads: Resistances

Annex C1 of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0815

ESSENTIAL CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE	2		
Displacement under service load Tensile load	M8	M10	M12	M16
$F_{unc}$ [kN] for concrete from C20/25 to C50/60	9,5	13,8	16,9	23,6
δ <sub>N0,unc</sub> [mm]	0,30	0,30	0,35	0,35
$\delta_{N\infty,unc}$ [mm]	0,73			
Displacement under service load Shear load	M8	M10	M12	M16
Func [kN] for concrete from C20/25 to C50/60	10,5	16,6	24,1	44,8
δ <sub>V0,unc</sub> [mm]	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00
$\delta_{V\infty,unc}$ [mm]		3,	00	

Note: Design method according to Annex B1.

#### **CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor**

Performance for static and quasi-static loads: Displacements

Annex C2 of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0815

ESSENTIAL CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE
Resistance to fire	NPA
Table C4: Reaction to fire	
ESSENTIAL CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE
Reaction to fire	In the final application the thickness of the mortar layer is about 1 to 2 mm an most of the mortar is material classified class A1 according to EC Decisio 96/603/EC. Therefore, it may be assumed that the bonding material (synthetic mortar or a mixture of synthetic mortar and cementitious mortar) about the meta anchor in the end use application do not make any contribution to fire growth or to the fully developed fire and they have no influence on the smoke hazard.

Performance for exposure to fire

Technical Assessment ETA-19/0815

#### Table C5: Terminology and symbols

	OGY AND SYMBOLS
d	Diameter of anchor bolt or thread diameter
1 <sub>0</sub>	Drill hole diameter
l <sub>fix</sub>	Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture
l <sub>ef</sub>	Effective anchorage depth
1 <sub>1</sub>	Depth of the drilling hole
I <sub>min</sub>	Minimum thickness of concrete member
inst	Torque moment to installation
īx	Thickness to be fixed
min	Minimum allowable spacing
-min	Minimum allowable edge distance
urc,N [-]	Factor for concrete cone in uncracked concrete
cr,N	Characteristic spacing between two different anchors for the concrete cone failure
cr,N	Characteristic edge distance between two different anchors for the concrete cone failure
cr,sp	Spacing for ensuring the transmission of the characteristic tensile resistance of a single anchor without spacing and edge effects in
r	case of splitting failure
-cr,sp	Edge distance for ensuring the transmission of the characteristic tensile resistance of a single anchor without spacing and edge effects in case of splitting failure
Rk,s	Characteristic tension resistance for steel failure
I <sub>Rk,c</sub>	Characteristic tension resistance for concrete cone failure
Rk,s	Characteristic shear resistance for steel failure without lever arm
7	Ductility factor for steel failure in shear load
$I^0_{Rk,s}$	Characteristic shear resistance for steel failure with lever arm
/ <sub>Rk,c</sub>	Characteristic shear resistance for concrete edge failure
l <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	Outside diameter of fastener
[mm]	Parameter for evaluation of concrete edge failure
Rk,ucr	Characteristic bond resistance in un-cracked concrete class C20/25
$_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	Partial safety factors for installation
J <sub>c,ucr</sub>	Increasing factor for un-cracked concrete
$k = k_3 = k_8 [-]$	Factor for concrete pry-out failure
	Service load in un-cracked (ucr) or cracked concrete (cr) in tensile or shear load
0	Short term displacement under service load in un-cracked (uncr) or cracked concrete (cr) for tensile (N) or shear load (V)
00	Long term displacement under service load in un-cracked (uncr) or cracked concrete (cr) for tensile (N) or shear load (V)
IPA	No declared performance

#### **CA POLY - EKOR Injection anchor**

Annex C4 of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0815

Terminology and symbols